IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF NEBRASKA

UNITED STATES OF	' AMERICA
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Plaintiff,

8:13-CR-18

vs.

TENTATIVE FINDINGS

MARQUIS HARRINGTON,

Defendant.

The Court has received the presentence investigation report (PSR) in this case. The defendant has objected to the PSR (filing 32) and moved for a departure and variance. Filing 33.

IT IS ORDERED:

- 1. The Court will consult and follow the Federal Sentencing Guidelines to the extent permitted and required by *United States v. Booker*, 543 U.S. 220 (2005), and subsequent cases. In this regard, the Court gives notice that, unless otherwise ordered, it will:
 - (a) give the advisory Guidelines respectful consideration within the context of each individual case and will filter the Guidelines' advice through the 18 U.S.C. § 3553(a) factors, but will not afford the Guidelines any particular or "substantial" weight;
 - (b) resolve all factual disputes relevant to sentencing by the greater weight of the evidence and without the aid of a jury;
 - (c) impose upon the United States the burden of proof on all Guidelines enhancements:
 - (d) impose upon the defendant the burden of proof on all Guidelines mitigators;
 - (e) depart from the advisory Guidelines, if appropriate, using pre-Booker departure theory; and

- (f) in cases where a departure using pre-Booker departure theory is not warranted, deviate or vary from the Guidelines when there is a principled reason justifying a sentence different than that called for by application of the advisory Guidelines, again without affording the Guidelines any particular or "substantial" weight.
- 2. Defendant has objected (filing 32) to an aspect of the loss calculation in the PSR. See PSR at ¶ 26 & p. 19. However, the probation officer has correctly noted that defendant's objection has no impact on the amount of restitution or the loss calculations under the Guidelines. Accordingly, the Court's tentative finding is that defendant's objection is moot. Nonetheless, if helpful, the parties may present evidence and argument on the objection at the sentencing hearing.

Defendant has moved for a departure (filing 33) pursuant to U.S.S.G. § 4A1.3(b)(1), on the grounds that the defendant's criminal history category substantially over-represents the seriousness of the defendant's criminal history or the likelihood that the defendant will commit other crimes. Defendant has also moved for a variance. Filing 33. The Court will resolve both motions at the sentencing hearing, after receiving evidence and hearing argument.

- 3. Except to the extent, if any, that the Court has sustained an objection, granted a motion, or reserved an issue for later resolution in the preceding paragraph, the parties are notified that the Court's tentative findings are that the presentence report is correct in all respects.
- 4. If any party wishes to challenge these tentative findings, that party shall, as soon as possible (but in any event no later than three (3) business days before sentencing) file with the Court and serve upon opposing counsel an objection challenging these tentative findings, supported by a brief as to the law and such evidentiary materials as are required, giving due regard to the local rules of practice governing the submission of evidentiary materials. If an evidentiary hearing is requested, such filings should include a statement describing why a hearing is necessary and how long such a hearing would take.
- 5. Absent timely submission of the information required by the preceding paragraph, the Court's tentative findings may become final and the presentence report may be relied upon by the Court without more.

6. Unless otherwise ordered, any objection challenging these tentative findings shall be resolved at sentencing.

Dated this 12th day of November, 2013.

BY THE COURT:

hn M. Gerrard

Inited States District Judge